### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

December 31, 2018

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FINANCIAL SECTION



Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of New Castle New Castle, Colorado

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of New Castle, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of New Castle, Colorado, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required budgetary information on page 26 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules and Local Highway Finance Report listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules and compliance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

John butter & Associates, LLC

July 31, 2019



**Town of New Castle, Colorado Management's Discussion and Analysis** Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2018

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Town of New Castle's 2018 financial statements is offered to provide an objective and easy-to-read analysis of the government's

financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements.

The Town of New Castle is a Home Rule Municipality incorporated in 1888. The Town has seven elected officials who are responsible for all policy decisions that affect the government's financial condition. The appointed Town Administrator is responsible for preparing the annual budget which is adopted by the Council every December. The Town Administrator and appointed Town Finance Director/Treasurer are responsible for financial reporting to the Town Council and to the public at large. The Town maintains four separate funds, which are as follows:

- A) General Fund
- B) Utility Fund
- C) Conservation Trust Fund
- D) Cemetery Fund

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The financial section of the audit report is comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements:**

The government-wide financial statements, which consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, give readers a broad overview of the entire Town's financial position and changes in financial position in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements report information about the Town as a whole and include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The *statement of net position* (page iv) presents the Town of New Castle's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The net position is summarized as follows: 1) invested in capital assets, 2) unreserved or available for any current use. Over a period of time increases or decreases in the Town's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base, are needed to assess the overall financial condition of the Town.

The *statement of activities* (page vi) presents data showing how the Town's net position changed as a result of the operations of the Town government during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when an event occurs that requires a revenue or expense to be recognized, regardless of when the related cash is received or disbursed (accrual basis of accounting). Thus, some revenues and expenses reported in this statement will result in cash flows in future periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish the different functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*Governmental Activities*) from the other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges for services (*Business Type Activities*). The Governmental Activities of the Town of New Castle include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, and parks and recreation. The Business Type Activities include water, wastewater, and trash utilities.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town's funds can be divided into three categories: Governmental Fund, Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Fund.

**Governmental Funds** (pages 3 - 4) - The activity of the Town's General and Special Revenue funds are reported as governmental funds, which are essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the shortterm flow of money into and out of these funds. These statements use the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the Town's general governmental and special revenue operations and the services that are provided. Governmental fund statements help to determine the financial resources that are available to finance the Town's operations and programs in the near future.

**Proprietary (Business Like) Fund** (pages 6-8) - The Town of New Castle maintains one proprietary (enterprise) fund, which reports the same functions as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses the proprietary fund to account for the water, wastewater and trash operations (**utilities**) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the public be financed or recovered primarily through user fees or charges.

**Fiduciary (Trust) Fund** - A fiduciary fund is a fund that is held in trust for a specific purpose. The Town of New Castle maintains one fiduciary fund which reports the operating activities of the Highland Cemetery. The fiduciary fund is not included in the statement of net position or statement of activities, but is included in the Required Supplemental Information, Budgeted and Actual Revenues and Expenditures.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 9 - 24 of this report.

### **Financial Highlights**

### **Governmental Activities**

- As of December 31, 2018 the governmental funds held \$ 1,975,891 in assets that were readily convertible to cash and \$301,913 in current liabilities.
- As of December 31, 2018 the Town's governmental activities fund held \$12,151,411 in depreciated capital assets, a 2.84% increase; and \$608,207 in capital asset liabilities, a 19.59% decrease.
- Total 2018 sales tax revenue increased 6.19% or \$89,876 compared to fiscal year 2017. The 3.5% Town sales tax revenue increased 5.21% or \$68,752 compared to 2017.
- 2018 property tax revenue increased by \$68,752 or 5.21% compared to fiscal year 2017.
- 2018 building permit revenue decreased by 33.28% or \$29,860 compared to fiscal year 2017. 2018 use tax revenue decreased by 31.97% or \$14,660 compared to fiscal year 2017.
- 2018 lodging tax revenue increased by 7.32% or \$1,170 compared to fiscal year 2017.
- 2018 mineral lease tax revenue decreased by 11.84% or \$14,748 compared to fiscal year 2017 and severance tax revenue increased by 14.10% or \$5,495.
- 2018 governmental activities salary expense increased by 3.24% or \$41,253 compared to fiscal year 2017.
- Total governmental activities net position decreased by 0.65% or \$186,391 during the 2018 fiscal year.

### **Business-type Activities**

- As of December 31, 2018 total assets were \$20,185,042, a decrease of 4.75% or \$1,005,951. Cash, investments and receivables decreased by \$185,567 and capital assets decreased by \$820,384.
- 2018 revenue from the water, wastewater and trash charges for services increased by \$129,712 or 5.73% compared to fiscal year 2017.
- 2018 business-type activities salary expense increased by 5.21% or \$35,382 compared to fiscal year 2017.
- 2018 business-type activities electric and natural gas utility expense of \$167,205 was an increase of 6.67% or \$10,459 compared to fiscal year 2017.

### **Business-type Activities** (Continued)

• Total enterprise liabilities decreased by \$400,289 during 2018 due to decreases in long term debt.

### **Statement of Net Position**

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to the prior fiscal year.

	 Governme	ntal A	ctivities	 Business-type Activities		ess-type Activities			Total Government		
	2018		2017	 2018	_	2017		2018		2017	
Current and other assets	\$ 1,982,107	\$	1,957,585	\$ 1,286,556	\$	1,472,123	\$	3,268,663	\$	3,429,708	
Capital assets	 27,663,216		27,988,124	 18,898,486		19,718,870		46,561,702		47,706,994	
Total assets	29,645,323		29,945,709	 20,185,042		21,190,993		49,830,365		51,136,702	
Long-term debt outstanding	536,798		681,213	 5,115,260		5,873,830		5,652,058	_	6,555,043	
Other liabilities	 748,489		718,069	 570,818		212,537		1,319,307		930,606	
Total liabilities	1,285,287		1,399,282	 5,686,078		6,086,367		6,971,365		7,485,649	
Net Position:											
Net Investment in											
Capital assets	27,039,849		27,206,657	13,431,925		13,845,040		40,471,774		41,051,697	
Restricted	231,309		224,976	-		-		231,309		224,976	
Unrestricted	 1,088,878		1,114,794	 1,067,039		1,259,586		2,155,917		2,374,380	
Total net position	\$ 28,360,036	\$	28,546,427	\$ 14,498,964	\$	15,104,626	\$	42,859,000	\$	43,651,053	

The Town's total net position for fiscal year 2018 decreased by 1.81% or \$792,053. The Town's assets exceed liabilities by \$42,859,000 (net position) as of December 31, 2018. By far the largest portion of net position (94.43%) is invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, etc.). The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of New Castle's investments in capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to retire these liabilities.

The restricted portion of net position (0.54%) represents resources that are subject to various debt provisions, contracts and agreements on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$2,155,917 is unrestricted and can be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

### Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation:

Net Results of Activities – will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital – will increase current assets and long-term debt.

**Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital** – will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. A second impact results in an increase in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change the net investment in capital assets.

**Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital** – will (1) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (2) will reduce restricted and or unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

**Principal Payment on Debt** – will (1) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (2) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

**Reduction of Capital Assets Through Depreciation** – will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

### **Summary of GASB Statement 54**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) approved statement 54 in 2009, the intent of the statement is to enhance governmental fund balance reporting in order for financial statements to be more consistent and comparable between similar government entities, improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting (what funds are actually available), and clarify the meaning of governmental fund type definitions. The Town of New Castle implemented statement 54 for fiscal year 2011 as required and will **no** longer use the fund balance definitions of: reserves, designated or undesignated.

We present the following summary of new fund balance terminology:

- (a) **Nonspendable** not in spendable form, examples are inventory, long-term receivables (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned), prepaid expenses, and legally or contractually required amounts required to be maintained intact like the corpus of a permanent fund.
- (b) **Restricted** Amounts constrained to being used for a specific purpose by (1) external parties (state, federal, private donor, creditors), (2) constitutional provisions, (3) enabling legislation (grant from the state), (4) what is legally reserved now.
- (c) **Committed** constraint on use imposed by the Town itself, using its highest level of decisionmaking authority (resolution or ordinance), constraint can be removed or changed only by taking the same action, the action to constrain resources should occur prior to the end of the fiscal year – though the exact amount may be determined subsequently.
- (d) **Assigned** amounts intended to be used for specific purposes where the intent is expressed by the governing body or a body or official authorized by the governing body. Includes using fund balance to balance the budget appropriation for deficit.
- (e) **Unassigned** available for any purpose.

### **Statement of Activities**

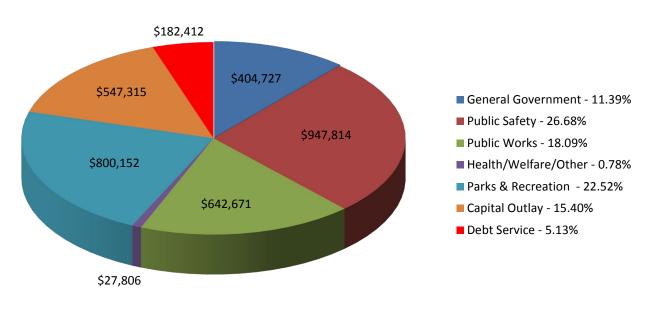
The Statement of Activities takes into consideration the Town as a whole and reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2018.

	Govern	mental	Business Type		Tot	als
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 258,266	\$ 373,699	\$2,392,321	\$2,262,609	\$2,650,587	\$2,636,308
Capital Grants	765,905	756,150	241,621	1,111,385	1,007,526	1,867,535
Total Program Revenues	1,024,171	1,129,849	2,633,942	3,373,994	3,658,113	4,503,843
General Revenues						
Sales and Use Taxes	1,541,011	1,451,135			1,541,011	1,451,135
Property Taxes	454,862	426,427			454,862	426,427
Franchise Taxes	124,964	122,541			124,964	122,541
Other Taxes	238,849	287,293			238,849	287,293
Investment Income	23,255	15,428	189	100	23,444	15,528
Developer Reimbursement	15,375	34,305			15,375	34,305
Other Revenues	109,342	174,762	(180,457)	55,908	(71,115)	230,670
Total General Revenues	2,507,658	2,511,891	(180,268)	56,008	2,327,390	2,567,899
Total Revenue	3,531,829	3,641,740	2,453,674	3,430,002	5,985,503	7,071,742
Expenses:						
General Government	389,873	415,459			389,873	415,459
Public Safety	1,017,496	967,400			1,017,496	967,400
Public Works	1,373,397	1,584,314			1,373,397	1,584,314
Parks & Recreation	876,892	762,459			876,892	762,459
Health & Welfare	27,806	21,716			27,806	21,716
Water			1,307,173	1,246,099	1,307,173	1,246,099
Wastewater			1,230,836	1,231,005	1,230,836	1,231,005
Sanitation			312,580	301,317	312,580	301,317
Interest	32,756	40,762	208,747	218,541	241,503	259,303
Total Expenses	3,718,220	3,792,110	3,059,336	2,996,962	6,777,556	6,789,072
Change in Net Position	\$ (186,391)	\$ (150,370)	\$ (605,662)	\$ 433,040	\$ (792,053)	\$ 282,670

### **Governmental Activities**

Taxes comprise the largest source of operating revenue for the Town's governmental activities, 2018 tax source revenue was \$2,359,686, which is 66.81% of total revenues from governmental activities. Property taxes of \$454,862 represent 19.28% of total tax revenue. Charges for services equaled \$258,266 representing 7.31% of total revenues.

The cost of governmental activities (excluding capital outlay) in 2018 was \$3,005,582 compared to \$2,989,910 in 2017, a 0.52% increase.



### **Expenses by Type – Governmental Activities**

General Government includes Town Council, Town Administrator, Town Clerk, Finance, General Administration, Planning and Building.

Year to year changes by type of activity:

	Expenditures								
Activity	2018		2017	% Change					
General Government	\$ 404,727	\$	385,993	4.85					
Public Safety	\$ 947,814	\$	904,347	4.81					
Public Works	\$ 642,671	\$	696,488	(7.73)					
Health/Welfare/Other	\$ 27,806	\$	21,716	28.04					
Parks & Recreation	\$ 800,152	\$	801,284	5.03					
Capital Outlay	\$ 182,412	\$	562,989	(67.60)					
Debt Service	\$ 183,266	\$	180,082	1.77					

### **Business-type Activities**

Total 2018 operating revenue from the Town's business-type activities increased by \$90,331 compared to 2017; operating expenses for 2018 increased by \$72,168 compared to 2017.

Total business type net position during 2018 decreased by \$605,662, mainly due to operating losses and disposal of capital assets.

### Fund Balance

At the end of 2018, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,415,261 (pg. 4). This is a decrease of \$21,068 compared to the prior years ending balance. Of this total balance \$720,478 is unassigned and available to finance the Town's future operations and programs; \$6,216 is prepaid non-spendable funds; \$185,000 is restricted for emergencies, \$36,983 is restricted for Conservation Trust Fund approved expenses, \$46,309 is restricted for cemetery care; \$8,250 is committed for use in operating a volunteer ambulance service *or* to maintain and enhance the municipal parks and trees (Ord. #315), \$1,976 is committed for Police training (Ord. #383 & 2007-4), \$5,494 is committed for Burning Mtn. Ave street maintenance (9/1995 SIA Agreement), \$321,487 is committed for traffic impacts (Ord. # 2002-17); \$52,000 is assigned for a solar system purchase, and \$10,000 is assigned for vehicle-equipment replacement.

At year end the business-type activities reported total net position of \$14,498,964, a decrease of \$605,662. Of this total net position \$1,067,039 is unrestricted (pg. 6).

### Budgetary Highlights – General Fund – (pg. 26)

Town Council approved one supplement to the 2018 General Fund budget. The original appropriation of \$3,129,276 was increased by \$537,436 or 17.17% to \$3,666,712. The supplemental budget amount was to cover the additional expense related to economic development/enhancement, trail development, park development, special events, recreation programs and street improvements. The Town received \$109,776 in Mineral Lease and Severance Tax direct distributions from the state, this is \$2,276 more than was budgeted and \$53,713 less than the 2017 distribution. The original 2018 General Fund budget reduced reserves by \$159,932, as of 12/31/18 the General Fund balance decreased by \$42,930 for the year.

General Fund revenue for 2018 was \$507,626 over the original budget amount. This is mainly due to grants received, public safety training reimbursements, and sales tax receipts. General Fund Expenditures for 2018 were \$390,624 more than the original budget projections mainly due to additional grant funded capital expenditures and recreation programs.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

At year end the Town had \$46,561,702 invested in a broad range of capital assets including land and improvements, buildings, parks and equipment, vehicles, equipment, and water and sewer plants and distribution and collection systems. This is a decrease of \$1,145,292 or 2.40% from the 2017 year end amount.

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-type	Total Government		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Land	\$15,214,000	\$15,214,000	\$ 469,741	\$469,741	\$15,683,741	\$15,683,741	
Water Rights	-	-	516,282	516,282	516,282	516,282	
Buildings and Improvements	4,340,720	4,295,135	17,008,406	16,140,439	21,349,126	20,435,574	
Distribution/Collection Systems	-	-	11,166,613	11,166,613	11,166,613	11,166,613	
Infrastructure	17,606,505	17,312,532	-	-	17,606,505	17,312,532	
Property and Equipment	1,013,153	968,300	627,406	483,829	1,640,559	1,452,129	
Construction in Process	458,604	267,529	4,378	1,064,951	462,982	1,332,480	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(10,969,766)	(10,069,372)	(10,894,340)	(10,122,985)	(21,864,106)	(20, 192, 357)	
Total Capital Assets	\$27,663,216	\$27,988,124	\$18,898,486	\$19,718,870	\$46,561,702	\$47,706,994	

### Capital Assets at Year-End (pg. 18-19)

During 2018 the Town completed the 5<sup>th</sup> Street enhancement project, completed the majority of the work on Bear Dance Park Phase II and acquired one new Public Safety SUV. Significant capital assets added during 2018 are shown below.

### Significant 2018 Capital Asset Additions

Community Center Improvements	\$ 29,636
LoVa Trail South Canyon to Canyon Creek Engineering (CIP)	58,856
Water Jetting Equipment	68,745
1 Public Safety SUV	112,991
Bear Dance Park – Phase II	157,085
5 <sup>th</sup> Street Curb, Gutter & Sidewalk Enhancements	 293,974
Total	\$ 721,287

#### **Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total Government** 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 1999 Wastewater Loan \$ \$ \$ 17,703 \$ 51,946 \$ 17,703 \$ 51,946 \_ 2004 Water Loan 508,146 527,799 508,146 527,799 \_ 2008 Wastewater Loan \_ 4,940,712 5,294,085 4,940,712 5,294,085 \_ Notes Payable 470,039 510,053 470,039 510,053 \_ \_ **Capital Leases** 14,168 45,325 14,168 45,325 \_ \_ GO Bonds, Series 2010 124,000 201,000 124,000 201,000 \_ Accrued Absences 87,412 97,341 87,412 97,341 --**Total Long-term Obligations** 695,619 \$ 853,719 \$ 5,466,561 \$ 5,873,830 \$ 6,162,180 \$ 6,727,549 \$

#### Town of New Castle's Outstanding Debt (pg. 20–22)

### **Economic and Other Factors**

The Town of New Castle's financial position continues to show movement in a positive direction. With direction from Town Council to correct for deficit spending along with a renewed directive toward a balanced budget in the General Fund, as well as the Utility Fund, the Town has taken steps to limit spending while exploring avenues of increased revenues. Corrective steps were taken in early 2019 to bring the Utility Fund into balance and allow for the building of reserve funds which will help provide for future capital projects, equipment updates and maintenance and repairs for critical Town facilities. Council is currently considering a number of new revenue generating opportunities for the future. Council has also worked to create an addendum to the Town's Comprehensive Plan which addresses growth and revitalization opportunities for the Commercial Historic Downtown area.

During the first 5 months of 2019 sales tax revenues have increased 7.12 % over the same period in 2018 despite the loss of one of the Town's major retail stores. Interest by potential retailers and business owners to locate in New Castle seems to be on the rise. On Main Street alone, 2018 welcomed a small family owned furniture store, a new Mexican restaurant, a thrift store, and exciting new plans for the expansion of an existing restaurant.

Housing prices in New Castle followed the national trend and continued to rise during 2018. Average home prices approached the historic highs which were seen just before the recession of 2008. While home prices continued to climb, and despite the addition of over 100 new homes added to the Town since 2009, the Property Tax Revenues have not yet reached the historic highs of 2009. The loss of these revenues combined with the dramatic decrease in Oil and Gas Revenues continue to add a large challenge to the task of providing for a balanced budget in the face of decreased revenues and rising expenses.

During 2018 staff size decreased by one full time employee. Major changes to staffing included the retirement of Town Administrator Tom Baker who was replaced by David Reynolds, the retirement of Town Planner Tim Cain who was replaced by Paul Smith (Paul also fills the role of Building Inspector), and the departure of the Town's Finance Director Lyle Layton who was replaced by Loni Burk. Staffing changes were also seen in the Police and Public Works Departments.

Major projects in Town included the completion of Phase II of Bear Dance Park. This longanticipated park serves the entire Town with the addition of tennis courts, pickleball courts, themed playground equipment, shade pavilions, and large open space activity areas. Additional projects included curb, gutter and sidewalk enhancements to 5<sup>th</sup> Street, the renovation of the Community Center, planning work for the LOVA trail between New Castle and Glenwood Springs, and planning work for additional hiking and biking trails in the adjacent BLM properties to the north of Town.

### **Financial Contact**

The Town's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town's Finance Department, Attn: Finance Director, PO Box 90, 450 West Main Street, New Castle, Colorado 81647; or telephone (970) 984-2311.

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2018

	COVI	ERNMENTAL	В	BUSINESS TYPE		ТОТ		AT S	
	ACTIVITIES			TIVITIES		2018		2017	
ASSETS			110			2010		2017	
Cash and Investments	\$	1,068,688	\$	1,035,500	\$	2,104,188	\$	2,113,837	
Receivables	π	-,,	π	-,,	π	_,	π	_,,	
Property Taxes		446,576		-		446,576		447,993	
Sales and Other		15,196		-		15,196		15,982	
Accounts		-		251,056		251,056		233,352	
Due from Other Governments		445,431		-		445,431		607,437	
Prepaid Expenses		6,216		-		6,216		11,107	
Capital Assets, not Depreciated		15,511,805		990,401		16,502,206		17,532,503	
Capital Assets, Depreciated, Net of Accumulated									
Depreciation		12,151,411		17,908,085		30,059,496		30,174,491	
TOTAL ASSETS		29,645,323		20,185,042		49,830,365		51,136,702	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable		65,042		67,167		132,209		86,217	
Accrued Expenses		32,108		22,766		54,874		102,396	
Unearned Revenues		9,770		-		9,770		-	
Accrued Interest		1,754		83,835		85,589		87,074	
Developer Escrow		34,418		-		34,418		34,420	
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Due within One Year		158,821		397,050		555,871		579,775	
Due in More Than One Year		536,798		5,115,260		5,652,058		6,147,774	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		838,711		5,686,078		6,524,789		7,037,656	
DEFERRED INFLOWS									
Deferred Property Tax Revenue		446,576		-		446,576		447,993	
NET POSITION									
Investment in Capital Assets		27,039,849		13,431,925		40,471,774		41,051,697	
Restricted for Emergencies		185,000		-		185,000		185,000	
Restricted for Cemetery Care		46,309		-		46,309		39,976	
Unrestricted		1,088,878		1,067,039		2,155,917		2,017,169	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	28,360,036	\$	14,498,964	\$	42,859,000	\$	43,293,842	

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2018

		PROGRAM REVENUES							
			OPERATING	CAPITAL					
		CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS					
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
<b>Governmental Activities</b>									
General Government	\$ 389,873	\$ 92,143	\$ -	\$ 150,910					
Public Safety	1,017,496	27,364	-	-					
Public Works	1,373,397	9,146	-	415,192					
Health and Welfare	27,806	6,400	-	-					
Parks and Recreation	876,892	123,213	-	199,803					
Interest on Long-Term Debt	32,756								
Total Governmental Activities	3,718,220	258,266		765,905					
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>									
Water	1,307,173	920,389	-	(114,779)					
Wastewater	1,230,836	1,166,730	-	356,400					
Trash	312,580	305,202	-	-					
Interest on Long-Term Debt	208,747								
Total Business-Type Activities	3,059,336	2,392,321		241,621					
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,777,556	\$ 2,650,587	\$	\$ 1,007,526					

GENERAL REVENUES

Sales Taxes Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Franchise Taxes Other Taxes Interest Developer Reimbursements Other Loss from Disposal of Capital Assets

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION, Beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

NET POSITION, Beginning, as restated

NET POSITION, Ending

### NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

GOV	ERNMENTAL	BUS	SINESS-TYPE					
А	CTIVITIES	А	CTIVITIES		2018		2017	
¢	(1 4 (9 2 0))	¢		¢	(1 A C 0 2 0)	ሰ	(200 (E2))	
\$	(146,820)	\$	-	\$	(146,820)	\$	(290,652)	
	(990,132)		-		(990,132)		(899,549)	
	(949,059)		-		(949,059)		(1,315,047)	
	(21,406)		-		(21,406)		(17,116)	
	(553,876)		-		(553,876)		(99,135)	
	(32,756)				(32,756)		(40,762)	
	(2,694,049)		-		(2,694,049)		(2,662,261)	
					<i>(</i> <b>-</b> )			
	-		(501,563)		(501,563)		361,455	
	-		292,294		292,294		248,362	
	-		(7,378)		(7,378)		(14,244)	
	-		(208,747)		(208,747)		(218,541)	
	_	(425,394) (425,394)					377,032	
	(2,694,049)		(425,394)		(3,119,443)		(2,285,229)	
	1,541,011		_		1,541,011		1,451,135	
	454,862		_		454,862		426,427	
	27,105		_	- 27,105			33,256	
	124,964		_		124,964	122,54		
	211,744		-		211,744		254,037	
	23,255		189		23,444		15,528	
	15,375		-		15,375		34,305	
	109,342		16,527		125,869		230,670	
			(196,984)		(196,984)		-	
	2,507,658		(180,268)		2,327,390		2,567,899	
	(186,391)		(605,662)		(792,053)		<b>282,6</b> 70	
_	28,546,427		15,104,626		43,651,053		43,043,998	
							324,385	
	28,546,427		15,104,626		43,651,053		43,368,383	
~							· · · · ·	
\$	28,360,036	\$	14,498,964	\$	42,859,000	\$	43,651,053	

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2018

						TOTAL			
			NO	N-MAJOR		GOVERNMENTAL			
	G	ENERAL	GOVERNMENTAL			FUI	NDS		
		FUND	F	UNDS		2018		2017	
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$	985,055	\$	83,633	\$	1,068,688	\$	875,066	
Taxes Receivable		446,576		-		446,576		447,993	
Due from Other Governments		445,431		-		445,431		607,437	
Accounts Receivable		15,196		-		15,196		15,982	
Prepaid Items		6,216		-		6,216		11,107	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,898,474	\$	83,633	\$	1,982,107	\$	1,957,585	
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	64,701	\$	341	\$	65,042	\$	25,080	
Accrued Liabilities		32,108		-		32,108		34,831	
Unearned Revenues		9,770		-		9,770		-	
Deposits and Escrow		34,418		-		34,418		34,420	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		140,997		341		141,338		94,331	
DEFERRED INFLOWS									
Deferred Property Taxes		446,576		-		446,576		447,993	
Fund Balance									
Nonspendable		6,216		-		6,216		11,107	
Restricted		185,000		83,292		268,292		246,430	
Committed		337,207		-		337,207		337,207	
Assigned		62,000		-		62,000		67,000	
Unassigned		720,478	_	-		720,478		753,517	
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		1,310,901		83,292		1,394,193		1,415,261	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS									
AND FUND EQUITY	\$	1,898,474	\$	83,633					

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore,		
are not reported in the funds.	27,663,216	27,988,124
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. This includes Bonds Payable (\$124,000), Capital Leases (\$14,168), Notes Payable (\$470,039) and Accrued Compensated Absences (\$87,412), and		
Accrued Interest Payable (\$1,754).	(697,373)	(856,958)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 28,360,036	\$ 28,546,427

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2018

	GENERAL	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL	TO GOVERN FUN	MENTAL
	FUND	FUNDS	2018	2017
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 2,205,449	\$ -	\$ 2,205,449	\$ 2,104,528
Licenses and Permits	69,885	-	69,885	<b>99,</b> 807
Intergovernmental	880,332	48,156	928,488	1,030,090
Charges for Services	148,935	6,400	155,335	159,969
Court	24,700	-	24,700	22,851
Developer Reimbursements	15,375	-	15,375	34,305
Sale of Assets	8,174	-	8,174	238,202
Interest	22,952	303	23,255	15,428
Miscellaneous	101,168		101,168	54,560
TOTAL REVENUES	3,476,970	54,859	3,531,829	3,759,740
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	404,727	-	404,727	385,993
Public Safety	947,814	-	947,814	904,347
Public Works	642,671	-	642,671	696,488
Health and Welfare	27,459	347	27,806	21,716
Parks and Recreation	767,502	32,650	800,152	801,284
Debt Service				
Principal	148,171	-	148,171	142,559
Interest	34,241	-	34,241	37,523
Capital Outlay	547,315		547,315	562,989
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,519,900	32,997	3,552,897	3,552,899
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(42,930)	21,862	(21,068)	206,841
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	1,353,831	61,430	1,415,261	1,208,420
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 1,310,901	\$ 83,292	\$ 1,394,193	\$ 1,415,261

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (21,068)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$912,112), exceeds capital outlay \$587,204, in the current period.	(324,908)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. These include a payments on Capital Leases of \$31,157, payments on Bonds Payable \$77,000, payments on Notes Payable \$40,014, change in Accrued Compensated Absences of \$9,929, and change in Accrued Interest \$1,485.	 159,585
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (186,391)

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE As of December 31, 2018

	2018	2017
ASSETS		
Current Assets		<b>* 1 2 2 3 5 5 1</b>
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,035,500	\$ 1,238,771
Accounts Receivable	251,056	233,352
Total Current Assets	1,286,556	1,472,123
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	18,898,486	19,718,870
		i
Total Noncurrent Assets	18,898,486	19,718,870
TOTAL ASSETS	20,185,042	21,190,993
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	67,167	61,137
Accrued Expenses	21,406	20,456
Accrued Interest Payable	83,835	83,835
Notes Payable, Current	397,050	407,269
Total Current Liabilities	569,458	572,697
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Deposits	1,360	1,360
Compensated Absences	45,749	45,749
Notes Payable, Long Term	5,069,511	5,466,561
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,116,620	5,513,670
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,686,078	6,086,367
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,431,925	13,845,040
Unrestricted	1,067,039	1,259,586
omosticitu	1,007,007	1,237,300
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 14,498,964	\$ 15,104,626

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE Year Ended December 31, 2018

	2018	2017
OPERATING REVENUES		
Water Sales	\$ 920,389	\$ 852,569
Wastewater Sales	1,166,730	1,122,967
Trash Sales	305,202	287,073
Other Revenues	16,527	55,908
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,408,848	2,318,517
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water	1,307,173	1,246,099
Wastewater	1,230,836	1,231,005
Trash	312,580	301,317
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,850,589	2,778,421
OPERATING LOSS	(441,741)	(459,904)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Intergovernmental Grants	48,121	425,585
Loss from Disposal of Capital Assets	(196,984)	-
Interest Income	189	100
Interest Expense	(208,747)	(218,541)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(357,421)	207,144
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(799,162)	(252,760)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		
Capital Contributions	193,500	685,800
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	193,500	685,800
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(605,662)	433,040
NET POSITION, Beginning	15,104,626	14,347,201
Prior Period Adjustment		324,385
NET POSITION, Beginning, as restated	15,104,626	14,671,586
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ 14,498,964	\$ 15,104,626

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE Year Ended December 31, 2018 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 2,391,144	\$ 2,318,679
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(1,378,969)	(1,519,821)
Cash Paid to Employees	(693,285)	(668,436)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	318,890	130,422
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(147,954)	(1,275,027)
Note Payments	(407,269)	(394,060)
Interest Payments	(208,747)	(218,541)
Intergovernmental Grants	48,121	749,970
Tap Fees and Capital Contributions	193,500	685,800
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(522,349)	(451,858)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest Received	188	100
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(203,271)	(321,336)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning	1,238,771	1,560,107
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Ending	\$ 1,035,500	\$ 1,238,771
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH		
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (441,741)	\$ (459,904)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation	771,355	749,630
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
Accounts Receivable	(17,704)	162
Accounts Payable	6,030	(155,223)
Accrued Expenses	950	(4,243)
Total Adjustments	760,631	590,326
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 318,890	\$ 130,422

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The Town of New Castle, Colorado was founded in 1888. The Town is governed by a Mayor and six-member council elected by the residents.

The accounting policies of the Town of New Castle, Colorado (the "Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Following is a summary of the more significant policies.

### **Reporting Entity**

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the Town of New Castle has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its basic financial statements.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The Town is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if Town officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the Town. The Town may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Based on the application of these criteria, the Town does not include additional organizations in its reporting entity.

### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, specific ownership taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, the Town reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Utility Fund accounts for the financial activities associated with the provision of water, wastewater, and trash services.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

Permanent Fund – The *Cemetery Permanent Fund* accounts for the activities of the Town cemetery, including the sale of plots and maintenance.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are recorded at fair value.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property and equipment of the Town is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 40 years
Water and Sewer Plants	10 - 50 years
Water and Sewer Lines	10 - 50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 40 years
Infrastructure	10 - 20 years

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

### **NOTE 1:** <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to the liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a futures period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### Compensated Absences

Employees of the Town are allowed to accumulate unused vacation time up to 320 hours or 40 days and an unlimited amount of unused sick time. Upon termination of employment from the Town, employees will be compensated for all accrued vacation time at their current pay rate. Employees are not compensated for any of their accrued sick time.

These compensated absences are recognized as current salary costs when earned in the proprietary fund types and when due in the governmental fund types. A liability has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements for the accrued compensated absences.

### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Net Position**

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

<u>Investment in Capital Assets</u> is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

### **NOTE 1:** <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> are liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> represent assets that do not have any third party limitation on their use. While Town management may have categorized and segmented portion for various purposes, the Town Council has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Town reports Prepaid Items as nonspendable at December 31, 2018.
- Restricted This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town has classified the following amounts as restricted as of December 31, 2018:

Total	\$ 268,292
Cemetery Care	46.309
Parks and Recreation	36,983
Emergency Reserves	\$ 185,000

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

#### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Town has classified the following amounts as committed as of December 31, 2018:

Support of Volunteer Ambulance Service Police Training	\$ 8,250 1,976
Burning Mountain Avenue Street Maintenance Traffic Impacts	5,494 321.487
Total	\$ 337,207

 <u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Town Council or a Town official delegated that Town by Town Charter or ordinance.

The Town has classified the following amounts as assigned as of December 31, 2018:

Solar System Purchase Vehicle-Equipment Replacement	\$	52,000 10,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	62,000

 <u>Unassigned</u> – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The Town would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied on November 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. The County Treasurer's office collects property taxes and remits to the Town on a monthly basis.

Since property tax revenues are collected in arrears during the succeeding year, a receivable and corresponding deferred revenue are recorded at December 31. As the tax is collected in the succeeding year, the deferred revenue is recognized as revenue and the receivable is reduced.

### **Comparative Data**

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the Town's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has not been presented since its inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

### NOTE 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to September 30, the Town staff submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

### **NOTE 2:** <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>(Continued)

- The Town Administration is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Town Council.
- Budgets are legally adopted for all funds of the Town. Budgets for the General, Conservation Trust, and Cemetery Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Budgetary comparisons presented for the Utility Fund is presented on a non-GAAP budgetary basis. Capital outlay is budgeted as an expenditure and depreciation is not budgeted.
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Town Council. All appropriations lapse at year end. Colorado governments may not exceed budgeted appropriations by fund.

### NOTE 3: <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

A summary of deposits and investments as of December 31, 2018 follows:

Petty Cash Cash Deposits	\$	89 1,116,374
Investments		987,725
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,104,188
The above amounts are classified in the statement of Net Position as follow	s:	

Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$	1,068,688 1,035,500
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,104,188

#### Deposits

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At December 31, 2018, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the Town are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

### NOTE 3: <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

### **Deposits** (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits (Continued)

The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At December 31, 2018, the Town had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$1,116,374. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$1,156,947. Of these balances, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$906,947 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the financial institution's name (PDPA).

#### Investments

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

### Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

The above investments are authorized for all funds and fund types used by Colorado municipalities.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

### NOTE 3: *DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS* (Continued)

#### Local Government Investment Pools

The Town had invested \$423,560 in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Title 24, Article 75, Part 7 of the Colorado Revised Statues, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating the Pools. CSAFE reports its underlying investments at amortized costs and is considered a qualifying external investment pool under GASB Statement 79. CSAFE operates similar to money market funds where each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fair value of the position in the pools is the same as the value of the pooled shares.

CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities are owned by the pools and held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pools. Investments of the pools comply with state statues, consisting of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, repurchase agreements, U.S. Instrumentalities, Commercial Paper, Bank Deposits and Money Market Funds. CSAFE does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

The Town had invested \$564,165 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) which has a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. ColoTrust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the entities.

ColoTrust is not a 2a7-like external investment pool. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. The government-investor does not "look through" the pool to report a pro rata share of the pool's investments, receivables, and payables.

#### Fair Value

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant observable inputs.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

## NOTE 3: *DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS* (Continued)

## Fair Value (Continued)

The Town does not carry any additional investments subject to these fair value measurements.

## NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 is summarized below:

		Balances		Additions Deletions				Balances 12/31/18			
Governmental Activities		<u>12/31/17</u>		Additions		Deletions	<u>_</u>	2/31/18			
Capital Assets, not depreciated											
Land	\$	15,214,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	15,214,000			
Construction in Progress	Ψ	267,529	Ψ	215.941	Ψ	185,665	Ψ	297,805			
Total Capital Assets, not depreciated		15,481,529		215,941		185,665		15,511,805			
Total Capital Assets, not depreciated		15,401,527		213,741		105,005		15,511,005			
Capital Assets, depreciated											
Buildings		4,295,135		45,585		-		4,340,720			
Machinery and Equipment		968,300		56,571		11,718		1,013,153			
Infrastructure		17,312,532		454,772		_		17,767,304			
Total Capital Assets, depreciated		22,575,967		556,928		11,718		23,121,177			
Less Accumulated Depreciation											
Buildings		1,783,746		120,281		-		1,904,027			
Machinery and Equipment		792,386		81,301		11,718		861,969			
Infrastructure		7,493,240		710,530		-		8,203,770			
Total Accumulated Depreciation		10,069,372		912,112		11,718		10,969,766			
Total Capital Assets, depreciated, Net		12,506,595		(355,184)				12,151,411			
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	27,988,124	<u>\$</u>	<u>(139,243)</u>	<u>\$</u>	(185,665)	<u>\$</u>	27,663,216			

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

## NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued)

	Balances <u>12/31/17</u>	Additions	Balances <u>12/31/18</u>			
Business-Type Activities						
Capital Assets, not depreciated						
Land	\$ 469,741	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 469,741		
Water Rights	516,282	-	-	516,282		
Construction in Process	1,064,951	 4,378	1,064,951	4,378		
Total Capital Assets, not depreciated	 2,050,974	 4,378	<u>1,064,951</u>	990,401		
Capital Assets, depreciated						
Buildings and Improvements	16,140,439	867,967	-	17,008,406		
Distribution and Collection	11,166,613	-	-	11,166,613		
Machinery and Equipment	483,829	 143,577		627,406		
Total Capital Assets, depreciated	 27,790,881	 1,011,543		28,802,425		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings and Improvements	5,458,344	461,111	-	5,919,455		
Distribution and Collection	4,443,392	244,706	-	4,688,098		
Machinery and Equipment	 221,249	 65,538		286,787		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 10,122,985	 771,355		10,894,340		
Total Capital Assets, depreciated, Net Business-Type Activities,	 17,667,896	 240,189		17,908,085		
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 19,718,870	\$ 244,567	<u>\$ (1,064,951)</u>	<u>\$ 18,898,486</u>		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

## **Governmental Activities**

General Government	\$ 19,014
Public Safety	69,682
Public Works	730,726
Parks and Recreation	92,690
Total	<u>\$ 912,112</u>
Business-type Activities	
Water	\$ 312,189
Sewer	459,166
Total	<u>\$ 771,355</u>

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

## NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

## **Governmental Activities**

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2018.

		Balance <u>12/31/17</u>		Additions		Payments		Balance <u>12/31/18</u>		Due In <u>One Year</u>
GO Bonds, Series 2010 Capital Leases Notes Payable	\$	201,000 45,325 510,053	\$	-	\$	77,000 31,157 40,014	\$	124,000 14,168 470,039	\$	81,000 14,168 41,800
Accrued Compensated Absences		97,341			_	9,929		87,412		21,853
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>853,719</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	158,100	<u>\$</u>	<u>695,619</u>	<u>\$</u>	158,821

Accrued Compensated Absences are being paid from resources generated by the General Fund.

#### **General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010**

On April 8, 2010, the Town issued \$700,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010. Proceeds of the bonds are used to pay costs related to the Town's improvements of its potable water treatment and distribution facilities. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.1% to 5.4%. Semi-annual principal and interest payments are due on April 15 and October 15 through 2020.

#### **Capital Leases**

The Town has entered into several capital lease agreements to purchase equipment which will be paid from revenues of the General Fund. These leases require monthly payments of ranging from annual payments of \$7,355 to \$9,463 including interest ranging from 6.19 % to 6.24%. The leases mature from September 2018 to August 2019.

#### Note Payable

The Town has also obtained a line of credit in the amount of \$810,000. The original note required monthly payments of principle and interest at 5.25%. The Town refinanced this note during 2011 to obtain a lower interest rate. The new rate is 4.375% for five years. After five years, the rate changes to Prime plus 0.5% with a floor of 4.75% and a ceiling of 5.25%. All other terms of the note remain the same. The note matures in April 2028.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

#### NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### **Future Debt Service Requirements**

Annual debt service requirements for the Notes and Bonds Payable at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2019	\$	122,800	\$	25,332	\$	148,132
2020		86,666		19,050		105,716
2021		45,615		15,940		61,555
2022		47,651		13,904		61,555
2023		49,778		11,777		61,555
2024 - 2028		241,529		24,052		265,581
Total Debt Service Requirements	<u>\$</u>	594,039	<u>\$</u>	110,055	<u>\$</u>	704,094

Following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease obligations at December 31, 2018:

#### Year Ended December 31,

2019 Total Minimum Lease Payments Less: Interest	\$	<u>15,052</u> 15,052 <u>(884)</u>
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$</u>	14,168

### **Business-Type Activities**

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2018.

		lance 31/17	-	Additions	]	Payments		Balance <u>12/31/18</u>		Due In <u>One Year</u>
1999 CWRPDA Loan 2004 CWCB Loan 2008 CWRPDA Loan	5	51,946 27,799 <u>94,085</u>	\$	-	\$	34,243 19,653 <u>353,373</u>	\$	17,703 508,146 <u>4,940,712</u>	\$	17,703 20,538 358,809
Total	<u>\$ 5,8</u>	<u>73,830</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	407,269	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,466,561</u>	<u>\$</u>	397,050

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

## NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### Loans Payable

## 1999 Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Town (CWRPDA) Loan

Proceeds from this loan were used to upgrade the Town's wastewater treatment system. Principal and interest payments are due semi-annually on May 1 and November 1. Interest accrues at 4.5%. This loan matures on May 1, 2019.

#### 2004 Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) Loan

Proceeds of this loan were used for the construction of a new diversion structure and pump station on the Colorado River, and a raw water pipeline to the Town's water treatment facility. Principal and interest payments are due annually on August 1. Interest accrues at 4.5%. This loan matures on August 1, 2035.

#### 2008 Colorado Water Resources & Power Development Town (CWRPDA) Loan

Proceeds of this loan were used for the construction of a new wastewater treatment facility and improvements to the wastewater system of the Town. Principal and interest payments are due annually on August 1. Interest accrues at 3.45%. This loan matures on August 1, 2030.

#### Future Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements for the outstanding loans at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2019	\$	397,050	\$	198,764	\$	595,814
2020		391,144		186,691		577,835
2021		397,547		178,269		575,816
2022		409,429		169,890		579,319
2023		415,919		160,979		576,898
2024-2028	4	2,222,196		651,232		2,873,428
2029-2033		1,151,989		126,146		1,278,135
2034-2035		81,287		5,527		86,814
Total Debt Service Requirements	<u>\$ :</u>	5 <u>,466,561</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>,677,498</u>	<u>\$</u>	7 <b>,144,059</b>

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

## NOTE 6: <u>RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS</u>

#### **Employee Pension Plan**

The Town contributes to a multiple employer defined contribution retirement plan administered by the Colorado Officials and Employees Retirement Association. Every employee who is employed by the Town is eligible to participate in the Plan immediately upon hire. Both the Town and the employee contribute from three to six percent of the employee's base salary. Plan provisions are established and may be amended by Town Council. During the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2018, employer and employees contributed \$76,135 and \$80,715, respectively, equal to their required contribution

Participants vest in employer contributions and in earnings, losses, and changes in fair market value of Plan assets at a rate of 20% for each full twelve months of participating in the Plan. Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings.

## NOTE 7: <u>PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL</u>

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these risks of loss, the Town is involved with the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA), a separate and independent governmental and legal entity formed by intergovernmental agreement by member municipalities pursuant to the provision of 24-10-115.5, Colorado Revised Statutes (1982 Replacement Volume) and Colorado Constitution, Article XIV, Section 18(2).

The purposes of CIRSA are to provide members defined liability, property, and workers compensation coverages and to assist members in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to municipal property and to persons or property which might result in claims being made against members of CIRSA, their employees and officers.

It is the intent of the members of CIRSA to create an entity in perpetuity which will administer and use funds contributed by the members to defend and indemnify, in accordance with the bylaws, any member of CIRSA against stated liability of loss, to the limit of the financial resources of CIRSA.

It is also the intent of the members to have CIRSA provide continuing stability and availability of needed coverages at reasonable costs. All income and assets of CIRSA shall be at all times dedicated to the exclusive benefit of its members. CIRSA is a separate legal entity and the Town does not approve budgets nor does it have the ability to significantly affect the operations of entity.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

## NOTE 8: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Tabor Amendment**

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government. On November 1994, voters within the Town approved the collection, retention and expenditure of State grants, all sales and use taxes and all other revenue generated by the Town in 1995 and subsequent years without limitation, notwithstanding the provisions of the Amendment.

The Town has established an emergency reserve, representing 3% of qualifying expenditures, as required by the Amendment. At December 31, 2018, the emergency reserve of \$185,000 was recorded in the General Fund.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2018

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	2017 ACTUAL
	¢ 0 1 1 0 0 1 0	¢ 0.110.010	¢ 2 205 440	¢ 02.021	¢ 0 1 0 1 5 0 0
Taxes	\$ 2,112,218	\$ 2,112,218	\$ 2,205,449	\$ 93,231 (2(_1(5))	\$ 2,104,528
Licenses and Permits	96,050 544,075	96,050 1 082 411	69,885	(26,165)	99,807
Intergovernmental	544,975	1,082,411	880,332	(202,079)	983,880 155 360
Charges for Services Court	146,996	146,996	148,935	1,939 7 100	155,369
	17,600 25,000	17,600 25,000	24,700	7,100	22,851 24,205
Developer Reimbursements	25,000	25,000	15,375	(9,625)	34,305
Interest	11,405	11,405	22,952	11,547	15,266
Sale of Assets	5,000	<b>5,</b> 000	8,174	3,174	238,202
Miscellaneous	10,100	10,100	101,168	91,068	54,560
TOTAL REVENUES	2,969,344	3,506,780	3,476,970	(29,810)	3,708,768
EXPENDITURES					
Current General Government	414.007	414.007	404 727	0.270	295.002
	414,097	414,097	404,727	9,370 22,281	385,993
Public Safety Public Works	971,195	971,195	947,814	23,381	904,347
Health and Welfare	702,686	702,686	642,671	60,015	696,488
	20,400	20,400	27,459	(7,059)	21,542
Parks and Recreation	586,049	586,049	767,502	(181,453)	626,679
Capital Outlay Debt Service	267,000	804,436	547,315	257,121	562,989
	142 010	142 010	140 171	(5.252)	142 550
Principal	142,918	142,918	148,171	(5,253)	142,559
Interest TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,931	24,931	34,241	(9,310)	37,523
IOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,129,276	3,666,712	3,519,900	146,812	3,378,120
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(159,932)	(159,932)	(42,930)	117,002	330,648
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(159,932)	(159,932)	(42,930)	117,002	330,648
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	1,277,181	1,277,181	1,353,831	76,650	1,023,183
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 1,117,249	\$ 1,117,249	\$ 1,310,901	\$ 193,652	\$ 1,353,831

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2018

	RE I CONS	PECIAL VENUE FUND ERVATION FRUST FUND	I CEN T	MANENT FUND METERY RUST FUND		TO7 2018	TALS	2017
ASSETS	đ	26.002	¢	46.650	¢	02 (22	¢	(1 (0))
Cash	\$	36,983	\$	46,650	\$	83,633	\$	61,604
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$		\$	341	\$	341	\$	174
FUND EQUITY								
Fund Balance								
Restricted for Cemetery Care	\$	-	\$	46,309	\$	46,309	\$	39,976
Restricted for Park and Recreation		36,983		-		36,983		21,454
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		36,983		46,309		83,292		61,430
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	36,983	\$	46,650	\$	83,633	\$	61,604

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2018

	SI	PECIAL								
	RE	EVENUE	PER	MANENT						
	1	FUND	I	FUND						
	CONS	ERVATION	CEI	METERY						
	]	ΓRUST	Л	TRUST		TOTALS				
	FUND			FUND	2018		_	2017		
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$	48,156	\$	-	\$	48,156	\$	46,210		
Charges for Services		-		6,400		6,400		4,600		
Interest		23		280		303		162		
TOTAL REVENUES		48,179		6,680		54,859		50,972		
EXPENDITURES										
Health and Welfare		-		347		347		174		
Parks and Recreation		32,650		-		32,650		174,605		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		32,650		347		32,997		174,779		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		15,529		6,333		21,862		(123,807)		
FUND BALANCES, Beginning		21,454		39,976		61,430		185,237		
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$	36,983	\$	46,309	\$	83,292	\$	61,430		

## CONSERVATION TRUST FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2018

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET			CTUAL	Р	RIANCE Positive legative)	A	2017 CTUAL
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest	\$	44 <b>,</b> 000 12	\$	48,156 23	\$	4,156 11	\$	46 <b>,</b> 210 14
TOTAL REVENUES		44,012		48,179		4,167		46,224
EXPENDITURES Parks and Recreation		44,350		32,650		11,700		174,605
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(338)		15,529		15,867		(128,381)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		345		21,454		21,109		149,835
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	7	\$	36,983	\$	36,976	\$	21,454

### CEMETERY FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2018

				2018				
	ORI	GINAL			VA	RIANCE		
	ANI	) FINAL			Р	ositive		2017
	BU	UDGET	AC	CTUAL	(N	egative)	AC	CTUAL
REVENUES								
Sale of Plots	\$	2,000	\$	6,400	\$	4,400	\$	4,600
Interest and Other		125		280		155		148
TOTAL REVENUES		2,125		6,680		4,555		4,748
EXPENDITURES								
Health and Welfare		4,000		347		3,653		174
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,875)		6,333		8,208		4,574
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		26,637		39,976		13,339		35,402
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	24,762	\$	46,309	\$	21,547	\$	39,976

## UTILITY FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2018

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	018 ACTUAL	VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	2017 ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Water Sales	\$ 866,560	\$ 866,560	\$ 920,389	\$ 53,829	\$ 852,569
Wastewater Sales	1,166,600	1,166,600	1,166,730	130	1,122,967
Trash Sales	297,600	297,600	305,202	7,602	287,073
Intergovernmental Grants	-	22,982	48,121	25,139	425,585
Tap Fees and Contributions	360,000	360,000	193,500	(166,500)	685,800
Interest	85	85	189	104	100
Other Revenues	17,020	17,020	16,527	(493)	55,908
Loss from Disposal of Capital Assets			(196,984)	(196,984)	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,707,865	2,730,847	2,453,674	(277,173)	3,430,002
EXPENDITURES					
Water	1,033,622	1,033,622	994,984	38,638	972,096
Wastewater	860,960	860,960	771,670	89,290	755,378
Trash	299,300	299,300	312,580	(13,280)	301,317
Debt Service	615,996	615,996	616,016	(20)	612,601
Capital Outlay	112,500	135,482	147,954	(12,472)	1,275,027
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,922,378	2,945,360	2,843,204	102,156	3,916,419
NET INCOME, Budget Basis	\$ (214,513)	\$ (214,513)	(389,530)	\$ (175,017)	(486,417)
GAAP BASIS ADJUSTMENTS					
Capital Outlay			147,954		1,275,027
Loan Principal Payments			407,269		394,060
Depreciation			(771,355)		(749,630)
NET INCOME, GAAP Basis			(605,662)		433,040
NET POSITION, Beginning			14,347,201		14,347,201
Prior Period Adjustment					324,385
NET POSITION, Beginning, as restated			15,104,626		14,671,586
NET POSITION, Ending			\$ 14,498,964		\$ 15,104,626

COMPLIANCE

# **ANNUAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT - CY18**

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## II - RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES

Please no commas or dollar signs for the input A. Receipts from local sources		
2. General Fund Appropriations:	\$	195648.00
3. Other local imposts: from A.3. 'Total' below)	\$	616,598.00
4. Miscellaneous local receipts: from A.4. 'Total' below)	\$	202,017.00
5. Transfers from toll facilities	\$	0.00
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes		
a. Bonds - Original Issues:	\$	0.00
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues:	\$	0.00
c. Notes:	\$	0.00
Sub	Total: \$	1,014,263.00
B. Private Contributions	\$	0.00

II - RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES (Detail)	
Please no commas or dollar signs for the input A.3. Other local imposts	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments b. Other Local Imposts	\$ 0.00
1. Sales Taxes:	\$ 581690.00
2. Infrastructure and Impact Fees:	\$ 8296.00
3. Liens:	\$ 0.00
4. Licenses:	\$ 0.00
5. Specific Ownership and/or Other:	\$ 26612.00
Total: (a + b) carried to 'Other local imp	posts' above) \$ 616,598.00
A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts Please no commas or dollar signs for the input	
a. Interest on Investments:	\$ 24.00
b. Traffic fines & Penalities:	\$ 13306.00
c. Parking Garage Fees:	\$ 0.00
d. Parking Meter Fees:	\$ 0.00
e. Sale of Surplus Property:	\$ 0.00
f. Charges for Services:	\$ 0.00
g. Other Misc. Receipts:	\$ 3187.00
h. Other:	\$ 185500.00
Total: (a through h) carried to 'Misc local	l receipts' above) \$ 202,017.00
C. Receipts from State Government Please no commas or dollar signs for the input	
<ol> <li>Highway User Taxes:</li> <li>Other State funds:</li> </ol>	\$ 169448.00
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations: d. Other (Specify):	\$ 19214.00
Comments: undefined e. Other (Specify):	\$ 0.00
Comments: undefined	\$ 0.00
То	tal: (1+3c,d,e) \$ 188,662.00
D. Receipts from Federal Government	

## Please no commas or dollar signs for the input

2. Other Federal Agencies

a. Forest Service:		\$ 0.00
b. FEMA:		\$ 0.00
c. HUD:		\$ 0.00
d. Federal Transit Administration:		\$ 0.00
e. U.S. Corp of Engineers		\$ 0.00
f. Other Federal:		\$ 0.00
	Total: (2a-f)	\$ 0.00

## III - DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES

#### Please no commas or dollar signs for the input A. Local highway disbursements 1. Capital outlay: (from A.1.d. 'Total Capital Outlay' below) \$ 357,033.00 Ś 197068.00 2. Maintenance: 3. Road and street services 4111.00 \$ a. Traffic control operations: Ś 65216.00 b. Snow and ice removal: \$ 49956.00 c. Other: \$ 28659.00 4. General administration & miscellaneous \$ 500882.00 5. Highway law enforcement and safety 1,202,925.00 Total: (A. 1-5) \$ Please no commas or dollar signs for the input B. Debt service on local obligations 1. Bonds 0.00 \$ a. Interest \$ 0.00 b. Redemption 2. Notes \$ 0.00 a. Interest Ś 0.00 b. Redemption SubTotal: (1+2) \$ 0.00 Please no commas or dollar signs for the input 0.00 \$ C. Payments to State for Highways:

. Payments to Toll Facilities:				\$		0.00
		Total Disbur	sement	<b>5:</b> (A+B+C+D) <b>\$</b>	1,2	202,925.00
		_				
Please no commas or dollar signs f		EET PURPOS	SES - (I	Detail)		
Please no commas or dollar signs f				,	-	_
		NATIONAL AY SYSTEM		OFF NATIONAL HWAY SYSTEM		C. TOTAL
A.1. Capital Outlay						
a. Right-Of-Way Costs:	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
b. Engineering Costs: c. Construction	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
1. New Facilities:	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
2. Capacity Improvements:	\$	0.00	\$	259209.00	\$	259,209.00
z. capacity improvements.			ć	07924 00	Ş	97,824.00
3. System Preservation:	\$	0.00	\$	97824.00	Ş	77,024.00
	\$ \$	0.00	\$\$	97824.00	\$ \$	
3. System Preservation:					·	357,033.00

# IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS

Please no commas or dollar signs for the input								
	OPENING DEBT		AMOUNT ISSUED		REDEMPTIONS		CLOSING DEBT	
A. Bonds (Total)	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)			\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
B. Notes (Total):	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00

V - LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE							
Please no commas o	or dollar signs for the i	nput					
A. Beginning Balance			E. Reconciliation				
\$ 0.00	\$ 1,202,925.00	\$ 1,202,925.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			
Notes & Comments: undefined							
Please enter your name: Loni Burk Please provide a telephone number where you may be reached: (970)984-2311							
Save Print Mode Edit Mode Please click on the "Save" button before viewing the data in a print format.							

FORM FHWA-536e(Version 5.0) - CY18