# COLORADO CULTURAL RESOURCES INVENTORY

# **Historical and Architectural Reconnaissance**

This form is intended for use in survey projects undertaken for preservation planning purposes and it is NOT to be used for Section 106 compliance projects. It provides a basic descriptive record of a single building, structure, object, or site. Please use the #1417b Ancillary form to document additional resources on a single site. This form may provide enough information to assess architectural significance and/or to identify other potential areas of historical significance. Full evaluations of historical significance require additional property-specific research beyond the scope of this form and typically require completion of the OAHP Historical / Architectural Properties: Intensive Level / Evaluation form (OAHP form # 1403). For guidance on completing this form and required accompanying documentation, please refer to the instructions, available online at http://www.historycolorado.org/oahp/survey-inventory-forms

Official eligibility determination (OAHP use only)					
Da	te:	Initials:			
	Determined Eligib	le – NR			
	Determined Eligib	le – SR			
	Needs Data				
	Eligible District - C	Contributing			

## **IDENTIFICATION**

1. Property Name: Bank of New Castle							
2. Resource Classification: 🛛 🖾 Building	□ Structure	□ Object □	Sites/Landsca	аре			
3. Ownership:  □ Federal  □ State	E Local	🗆 Non-profit 🛛 🖾	Private				
LOCATION 4. Street Address: <u>302 West Main Street</u>							
5. Municipality: New Castle, CO		□ Vicinity:					
6. County: <u>Garfield</u> **7. USGS Quad: <u>New Castle, CO</u>	Year: <u>2022</u>	⊠ 7.5'		**Please check with your project sponsor to determine which fields are required, as not all locational			
**8. Parcel Number: <u>212331109022</u> **9. Parcel Information: Lot(s): <u>1</u>	Block: B	Addi		AL TWASTE NEW CASTLE			
**9. Parcel Information: Lot(s): 1Block: BAddition: $ORIGINAL TWNSTE NEW CASTLE$ **10. Acreage: 0.05 $\boxtimes$ Actual $\square$ Estimated							
11. PLSS information: Principal Meridian: 6 <sup>th</sup> Township: 5S       Range: 90W         SE ¼ of SW ¼ of SW ¼ of NE ¼ of section: 31       Township: 5S       Range: 90W							
**12. Location Coordinates:							
UTM reference: Zone <u>13</u> or	;mE <u>282427</u>	;mN <u>4383083</u>	□ NAD 1927	7 🛛 🖂 NAD 1983			
Lat/Long: Latitude	; Longitude		WGS84	□ Other:			

### DESCRIPTION

13. Construction Features (forms, materials):

Stories	Style/Type	Foundation	Walls	
One-story	Nineteenth Century Commercial	Stacked stone	Brick masonry structural system clad in stucco	
Windows	Roof	Chimney	Porch	
Picture windows; decorative wood shutters; decorative wood sills	Flat roof with stepped parapets; rolled asphalt	N/A	N/A	

*Optional:* additional description (plan/footprint, dimensions, character-defining and decorative elements of exterior and interior; alterations, additions, etc.):

The one-story, rectangular shaped building was constructed in 1889. The approximately 85' by 18' building is representative of a Nineteenth Century Commercial style of architecture. The building features a stacked stone foundation; a flat roof with stepped parapets; a brick masonry structural system clad in stucco; an angled main entryway; a front gable overhanging above the main entryway; and several wall mounted signs along the primary (south) elevation. The typical window consists of a wooden picture window. The typical window along the primary (south) elevation incorporates a wood sill and is recessed into the exterior wall. There are several typical windows located along the east elevation and feature decorative wood shutters. The main entryway is located within an angled portion of the primary (south) elevation of the building. The main door consists of a wood panel unit with a single lite. The door is capped by a front gable overhanging that incorporates triangular support brackets and asphalt shingles. A wall mounted "coldest beer in the west" sign and a "Liquor" sign can be noticed along the façade as well. The north elevation consists of a shed roof addition with overhanging eaves and vertical weatherboard siding.

Historical imagery of the building in 1905 demonstrates that the building has undergone a high degree of modification. By the late Twentieth Century, the decorative corbelled brick cornice had been removed as well as pilasters along the primary (south) and far left side of the east elevation. In addition, the fenestration pattern was altered due to the multi-lite window along the façade having been replaced with a smaller picture window. The brick masonry exterior envelope had been clad in stucco as well. A front gable overhang was added above the main entryway, and wall mounted signage was also added to the primary (south) elevation. Historical aerial imagery between 1996 and 2005 demonstrates that several trees and curb features were added along the primary (south) and east elevations of the building.

14. Associated buildings, features, or objects: N/A

15. Landscape (important features of the immediate environment):

Garden	☑ Mature Plantings	□ Designed Landscape	□ Walls	Parking Lot	Driveway	Sidewalk	Fence	Seating
□ Other:								

HISTORICAL ASSOCIATIONS (based on visual observations and/or review of secondary sources):

16. Historic Function/Use: Commerc	Current Function/Use (if different): Commercial/Liquor store				
17. Date of Construction: <u>1889</u> Building Inventory Record (5GF.237		□ Estimated	Actual (include source)	1996 OAHP Historic	
• • •					
18. Other Significant Dates, if any: N	<u>/A</u>				
19. Associated NR Areas of Significa	ince:				
□ Agriculture	Economics	🗆 Inventi	ion	Politics/Gov't	
□ Architecture	Education	□ Lands	cape Architecture	Religion	
Archaeology	Engineering	🗆 Law		□ Science	
□ Art	Entertainment/Recreation	n 🗆 Literat	ure	Social History	
⊠ Commerce	Ethnic Heritage	Maritin	me History	□ Transportation	
Communications	Exploration/Settlement	🗆 Militar	y	□ Other	
Community Planning & Dev't	□ Health/Medicine	Perfor	ming Arts		
Conservation	Industry	Philos	ophy		

20. Associated Historic Context(s), if known: Portions of the following historic context is quoted from the 1996 Historic Building Inventory Record by Front Range Research Associates, Inc.:

"This building housed the first bank in New Castle, the Bank of New Castle, organized in March 1889 by J.W. Ross, W. J. Miller, and Paul Blount. The Bank of New Castle briefly survived in the 1893 Silver Panic and appears in the 1894 Colorado Business Directory, however, the bank is not listed in the 1895 directory. By 1899, the building housed the New Castle post office. John C. Ritter recalled that the post office was operated by 'Pap and Grandma Stout.' The Stouts were early residents of New Castle: S.W. Stout is listed as a saloon operator in the 1889 directory; a restaurant operator the 1890 directory; and operated a restaurant and agricultural implement sales in the 1891 and 1892 directories... Ritter stated that the Stout's daughter sold the building about 1909, when the building was again turned into a bank. The New Castle State Bank opened 14 May 1909 with a capital stock of \$10,000 but failed to survive the Depression, closing in the 1930s. After the bank closed, the building was owned by John W. Ritter, who sold it to Hap Jantzen, an electrician and appliance dealer. The building was then purchased by Arthur Natal, of Carbondale, who operated it as a restaurant for about a year. Doris and Harry Flynn bought the building and operated it as a drug store... On the closure of Flynn's in 1979, the newspaper noted that 'this old mining town of just over 500 people lost a little chunk of its communal heart."

21. Retains Integrity of:	Location	Setting	Materials	🗆 Design	Workmanship	Association	Feeling
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22. Notes: Before the establishment of New Castle, the area was frequented by the Ute Tribe who inhabited much of the mountain areas in western Colorado and eastern Utah throughout the summer seasons. However, the lure of wealth from natural resource extraction from several gold rushes and silver booms prompted many American settlers to explore the Rocky Mountains between the mid to late-Nineteenth Century. By 1881, the tribe had been removed from the area and relocated to the Uintah and Ouray Reservation in Utah. The Town of New Castle was incorporated several years later in 1888, shortly after Jasper Ward built the first homestead in the area in 1883. Coal mining quickly became a vital industry in the vicinity to supply fuel to silver smelters throughout the Rocky Mountain region. The town experienced several boom-and-bust cycles of the industry until the early to mid-Twentieth Century when coal mining came to a more permanent end. In the aftermath, agricultural operations including farming and ranching began to take hold throughout the mid to late-Twentieth Century due to the fertile soil in the area. Between the late-Twentieth- and early-Twenty-first Centuries, the town has experienced a sustainable growth in population.

The resource (5GF.2375) was initially evaluated in June 1996 by Front Range Research Associates, Inc. The resource was assessed Field – Not Eligible.

23. Sources:

"302 West Main Street." Garfield County Assessor's Office. Parcel Number 212331109022. Accessed February 17, 2023. https://qpublic.schneidercorp.com/Application.aspx?AppID=1038&LayerID=22381&PageTypeID=4&PageID=9447&Q=2025483054&Ke yValue=R380281.

"A Walking Tour of Downtown New Castle." Town of New Castle. Accessed December 29, 2022.

https://www.newcastlecolorado.org/sites/default/files/fileattachments/community/page/1360/walking\_tour\_of\_downtown\_new\_castle.pdf "Document Search." Garfield County Clerk and Recorder Office. Accessed February 17, 2023. https://act.garfieldcounty.com/recorder/eagleweb/docSearch.jsp.

"Early History." Southern Ute Indian Tribe. Accessed December 21, 2022. https://www.southernute-nsn.gov/history/.

"Historical Aerial Imagery." NETROnline. Accessed February 17, 2023. https://www.historicaerials.com.

"New Castle, Colo." Denver Public Library – Digital Collections. Accessed February 17, 2023.

https://digital.denverlibrary.org/digital/collection/p15330coll22/id/6554/rec/386.

"Our History." Town of New Castle, Colorado. Accessed December 21, 2022. https://www.newcastlecolorado.org/about/page/ourhistory.

Front Range Associates, Inc. "Gresock's Liquor – Bank of New Castle (5GF.2375)." Historic Building Inventory Record – Colorado Historical Society, June 1996.

McAlester, Virginia S. A Field Guide to American Houses: The Definitive Guide to Identifying and Understanding America's Domestic Architecture. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 2013.

Pearce, Sarah J. Field Guide to Colorado's Historic Architecture & Engineering. Denver: State Historic Society of Colorado, 2008.

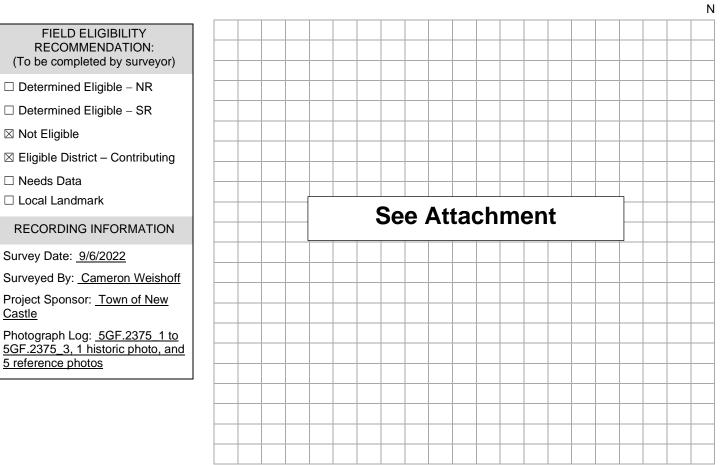
Sanborn Fire Insurance Map of New Castle, Garfield County, Colorado. Sanborn Map Company, Feb. 1893. Accessed February 17, 2023. https://www.loc.gov/item/sanborn01052\_001/.

Sanborn Fire Insurance Map of New Castle, Garfield County, Colorado. Sanborn Map Company, Nov. 1899. Accessed February 17, 2023. https://www.loc.gov/item/sanborn01052\_002/.

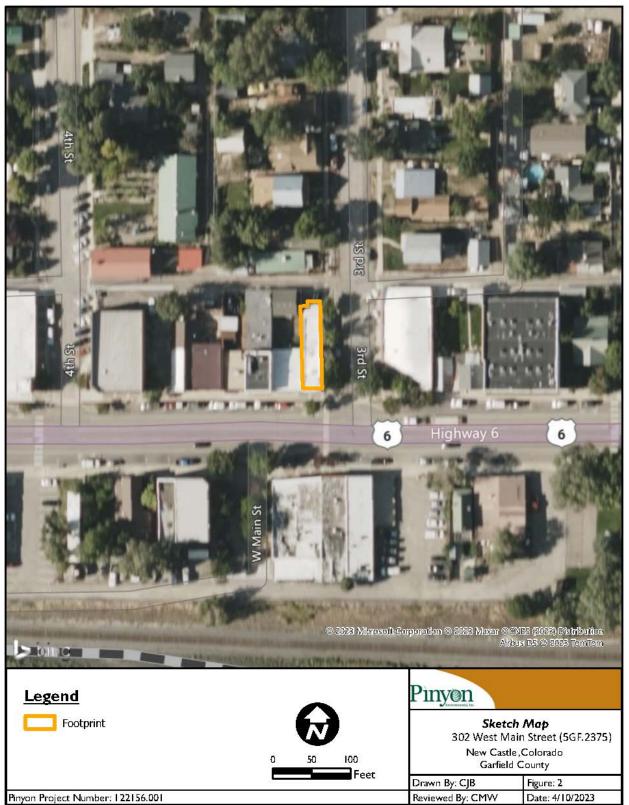
Sanborn Fire Insurance Map of New Castle, Garfield County, Colorado. Sanborn Map Company, May 1904. Accessed February 17, 2023. https://www.loc.gov/item/sanborn01052\_003/.

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#### SKETCH PLAN include approximate scale

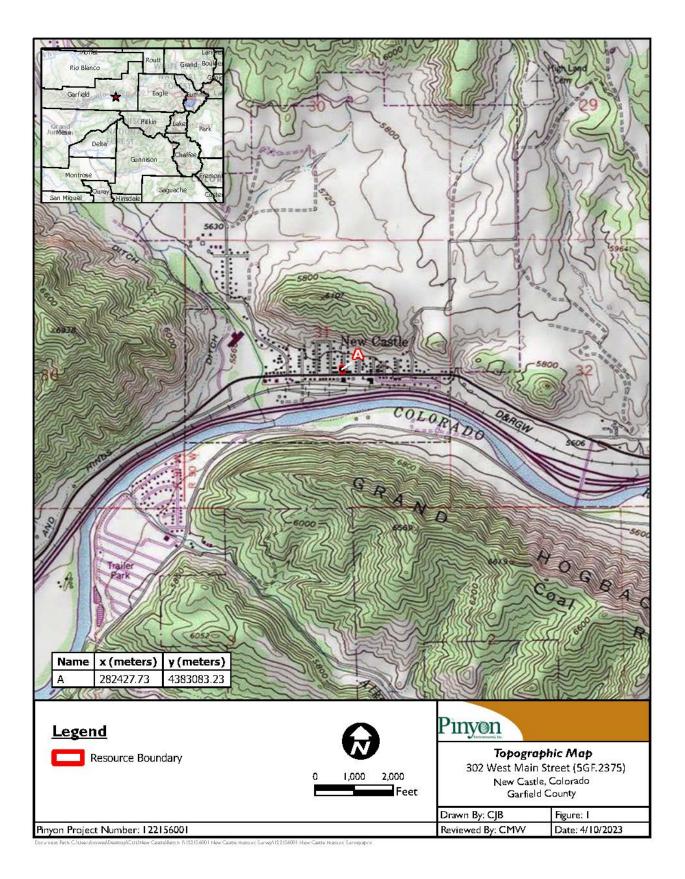


Sketch Map



Document Path C/Usershowed/Desitop/CUU/New Castel/Batch II/12/156001 New Caste Historic Survey/1/22/156001 New Caste Historic Survey/aprx

# **Topographic Map**



# **Site Photographs**



Photo Number: 5GF.2375\_1 Description: Looking at the primary (south) and east elevations of the building. Date: 9/6/2022 View: Northwest

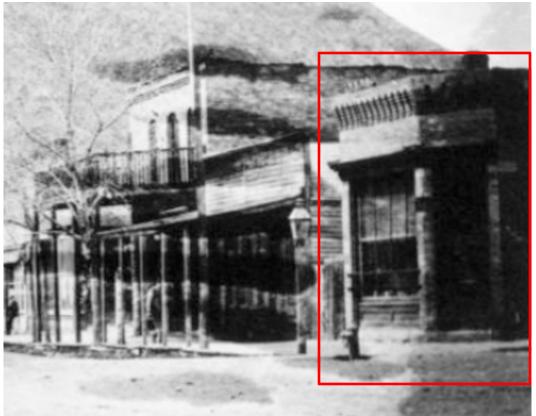
Photo Number: 5GF.2375\_2 Description: Looking at the primary (south) elevation of the building. Date: 9/6/2022 View: North





## Photo Number: 5GF.2375\_3

Description: Looking at the east elevation of the building. Note that a majority of the elevation is observed by landscaping features added between 1996 and 2005. Date: 9/6/2022 View: Northwest



### **Historic Photo 1**

**Description:** Image of downtown New Castle between North 3<sup>rd</sup> Street and North 4<sup>th</sup> Street. Note that the resource is outline in red. The decorative corbelled brick cornice was removed by the mid to late Twenty Century.

# Date: 1905

Source: Denver Public Library – Digital Collections [Not for publication]

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#### Reference Photo 1

**Description:** Image of the south elevation of the resource with the label stating, "Office building/ has been home of many businesses. New Castle State Bank 1909-1939. Now a liquor store."

### Date: Unknown

Source: New Castle Museum Collection



### **Reference Photo 2**

**Description:** Looking at the primary (south) and east elevations of the building.

Date: 1996

**Source:** 1996 OAHP Historic Building Inventory Record (5GF.2375)

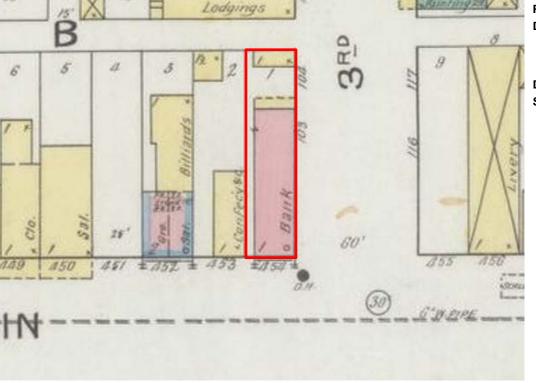
Site #: 5GF.2375

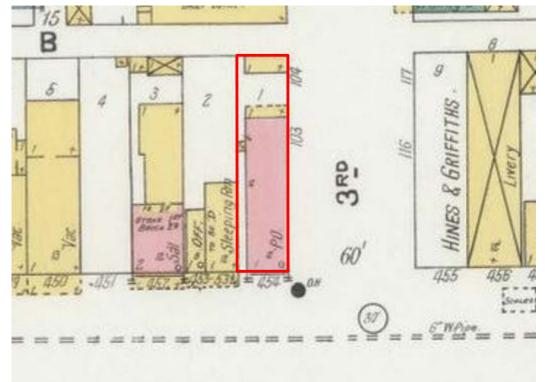
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Description: 1893 Sanborn Fire Insurance map of the resource located on lot 1 of block B. The property is outlined in red. Date: 1893 Source: Library of Congress





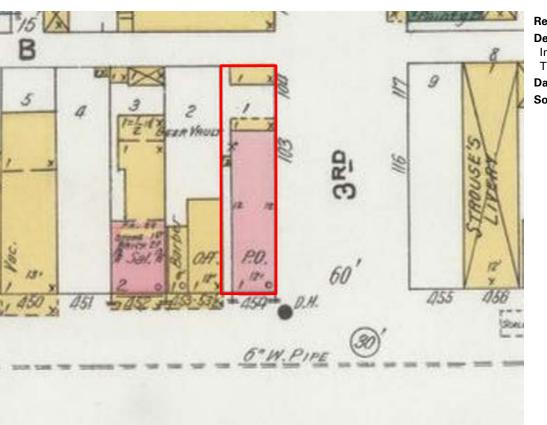
### **Reference Photo 4**

Description: 1899 Sanborn Fire Insurance map of the resource. The property is outlined in red. Date: 1899

Source: Library of Congress

Site #: 5GF.2375

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# Reference Photo 5

**Description:** 1904 Sanborn Fire Insurance map of the resource. The property is outlined in red. **Date:** 1904

Source: Library of Congress